Amendments to the claims:

1. (Currently amended) A method for treating a subject with an allergic condition, said method comprising administering to the subject a therapeutically effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula (I) below:

wherein:

is hydrogen, azido, halogen, C₁₋₅ alkoxy, hydroxy, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, cyano, nitro, R⁷R⁸N, C ₂₋₈ acyl, R⁹OC=O, R¹⁰R¹¹NC=O, or R¹⁰R¹¹NSO₂; or R¹ is taken together with W as described below;

is hydrogen, halogen, C₁₋₅ alkoxy, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₁₋₅ haloalkyl, cyano, or R⁴⁸R⁴⁹N; alternatively, R¹ and R² can be taken together to form an optionally substituted 5- to 7- membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring, which ring may be unsaturated or aromatic;

each of R³ and R⁴ is independently hydrogen or C₁₋₅ alkyl;

each of R⁵ and R⁶ is independently hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, C₁₋₅ alkoxy, C₁₋₅ alkylthio, halogen, or a 4-7 membered carbocyclyl or heterocyclyl;

R⁴⁰—is H, C _{1.6} alkyl, G_{2.6} alkenyl, phenyl, benzyl, phenethyl, C _{1.6} heterocyclyl, (G _{1.6}-heterocyclyl)C _{1.6} alkylene, amino, or mono- or di(C _{1.6}-alkyl)amino, or R⁵⁸OR⁵⁹-, wherein R⁵⁸ is H, C _{1.6}-alkyl, C _{2.6} alkenyl, phenyl, benzyl, phenethyl, C _{1.6}-heterocyclyl, or (C _{1.6} heterocyclyl)C _{1.6}-alkylene and R⁶⁹ is C _{1.6} alkylene, phenylene, or divalent C _{1.6} heterocyclyl; and

 R^{se} can be H in addition to the values for R^{se} ;

- R⁷ is hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₃₋₅ alkenyl, phenyl, naphthyl, C ₁₋₅ heterocyclyl, C₂₋₈ acyl, aroyl, R²⁷OC=O, R²⁸R²⁹NC=O, R²⁷SO, R²⁷SO₂, or R²⁸R²⁹NSO₂;
- R⁸ is hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₃₋₅ alkenyl, phenyl, or C₁₋₅ heterocyclyl; alternatively, R⁷ and R⁸ can be taken together to form an optionally substituted 4- to 7- membered heterocyclic ring, which ring may be saturated, unsaturated or aromatic;
- R⁹ is C₁₋₅ alkyl, phenyl, naphthyl, or C ₁₋₅ heterocyclyl;
- R^{21} is hydrogen, C_{1-5} alkyl, C_{3-5} alkenyl, phenyl, naphthyl, C_{1-5} heterocyclyl, C_{2-8} acyl, aroyl, $R^{30}OC=O$, $R^{31}R^{32}NC=O$, $R^{30}SO$, $R^{30}SO_2$, or $R^{31}R^{32}NSO_2$;
- R²² is hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₃₋₅ alkenyl, phenyl, or C₁₋₅ heterocyclyl; alternatively, R²¹ and R²²can be taken together to form an optionally substituted 4- to 7-membered heterocyclic ring, which ring may be saturated, unsaturated or aromatic;
- each of R^{23} , R^{26} , R^{27} , R^{30} , R^{33} , R^{44} , R^{45} , and R^{50} is C_{1-5} alkyl, phenyl, naphthyl, or C_{1-5} heterocyclyl;
- R²⁴ is hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₃₋₅ alkenyl, phenyl, naphthyl, C ₁₋₅ heterocyclyl, C ₂₋₈ acyl, aroyl, R³³OC=O, R³⁴R³⁵NC=O, R³³SO, R³³SO₂, or R³⁴R³⁵NSO₂;
- R²⁵ is hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₃₋₅ alkenyl, phenyl, or C₁₋₅ heterocyclyl; alternatively, R²⁴ and R²⁵ can be taken together to form an optionally substituted 4- to 7- membered heterocyclic ring, which ring may be saturated, unsaturated or aromatic;
- each of R^{10} and R^{11} is independently hydrogen, C_{1-5} alkyl, C_{2-5} alkenyl, phenyl, or C_{1-5} heterocyclyl; alternatively, R^{10} and R^{11} or can be taken together to form an optionally substituted 4- to 7- membered heterocyclic ring, which ring may be saturated, unsaturated or aromatic;
- each of R²⁸, R²⁹, R³¹, R³², R³⁴, R³⁵, R⁴⁶, R⁴⁷, R⁵¹ and R⁵² is independently hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, phenyl, or C₁₋₅ heterocyclyl; alternatively, R²⁸ and R²⁹, R³¹ and R³², R³⁴ and R³⁵, R⁴⁶ and R⁴⁷, or R⁵¹ and R⁵², independently, can be taken together to form an optionally substituted 4- to 7- membered heterocyclic ring, which ring may be

saturated, unsaturated or aromatic;

- n is 1;
- represents C₃₋₆ alkenediyl or C₃₋₆ alkanediyl, optionally substituted with hydroxy, halogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₁₋₅ alkoxy, oxo, hydroximino, CO₂R⁶⁰, R⁶⁰R⁶¹NCO₂, (L)-C ₁₋₄ alkylene-, (L)-C₁₋₅ alkoxy, N₃, or [(L)-C ₁₋₅ alkylene]amino;
- each of R^{60} and R^{61} is independently hydrogen, C_{1-5} alkyl, C_{3-5} alkenyl, phenyl, benzyl, phenethyl, or C_{1-5} heterocyclyl; alternatively R^{60} and R^{61} , can be taken together to form an optionally substituted 4- to 7- membered heterocyclic ring, which ring may be saturated, unsaturated or aromatic;
- is amino, mono- or di- C_{1-5} alkylamino, pyrrolidinyl, morpholinyl, piperidinyl homopiperidinyl, or piperazinyl, where available ring nitrogens may be optionally substituted with C_{1-5} alkyl, benzyl, C_{2-5} acyl, C_{1-5} alkylsulfonyl or C_{1-5} alkyloxycarbonyl;
- X is nitrogen or R¹²C;
- Y is nitrogen or R¹³C;
- Z is nitrogen or R¹⁴C;
- Is hydrogen, halogen, C_{1-5} alkoxy, C_{1-5} alkyl, C_{2-5} alkenyl, cyano, nitro, $R^{21}R^{22}N$, C_{2-8} acyl, C_{1-5} haloalkyl, C_{1-5} heterocyclyl, (C_{1-5} heterocyclyl) C_{1-5} alkylene, $R^{23}OC=O$, $R^{23}O(C=O)NH-$, $R^{23}SO$, $R^{22}NHCO-$, $R^{22}NH(C=O)NH-$, $R^{23}C_{1-4}$ alkylene) $R^{23}SO$, or $R^{23}SO_{2}$, or $R^{23}SO_{2}$, or $R^{23}SO_{2}$.
- is hydrogen, halogen, C₁₋₅ alkoxy, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, cyano, nitro, R⁴²R⁴³N, C₂₋₈ acyl, C₁₋₅ haloalkyl, C₁₋₅ heterocyclyl, (C₁₋₅ heterocyclyl)C₁₋₅ alkylene, R⁴⁴OC=O, R⁴⁴O(C=O)NH-, R⁴⁴SO, R⁴³NHCO-, R⁴³NH(C=O)NH-, R⁴⁴(C₁₋₄ alkylene)NHCO-, R⁴⁴SO₂, or R⁴⁴SO₂NH-;
- is hydrogen, halogen, C_{1-5} alkoxy, C_{1-5} alkyl, C_{2-5} alkenyl, cyano, nitro, $R^{24}R^{25}N$, C_{2-8} acyl, C_{1-5} haloalkyl, C_{1-5} heterocyclyl, (C_{1-5} heterocyclyl) C_{1-5} alkylene, $R^{26}OC=O$, $R^{26}O(C=O)NH-$, $R^{26}SO$, $R^{25}NHCO-$, $R^{25}NH(C=O)NH-$, $R^{26}(C_{1-4}$ alkylene)NHCO-, $R^{26}SO_2$, or $R^{26}SO_2NH-$; alternatively, R^{12} and R^{13} or R^{12} and R^{2} or R^{13} and R^{14} can be taken together to form an optionally substituted 5- to 6- membered carbocyclic or

heterocyclic ring, which ring may be unsaturated or aromatic;

Ar represents a monocyclic or bicyclic aryl or heteroaryl ring, optionally substituted with between 1 and 3 substituents selected from halogen, C₁₋₅ alkoxy, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, cyano, azido, nitro, R¹⁵R¹⁶N, R¹⁷SO₂, R¹⁷S, R¹⁷SO, R¹⁷OC=O, R¹⁵R¹⁶NC=O, C₁₋₅ haloalkyl, C₁₋₅ haloalkoxy, C₁₋₅ haloalkylthio, and C₁₋₅ alkylthio;

R¹⁵ is hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₃₋₅ alkenyl, phenyl, benzyl, C ₁₋₅ heterocyclyl, C ₂₋₈ acyl, aroyl, R⁵³OC=O, R⁵⁴R⁵⁵NC=O, R⁵³SO, R⁵³SO₂, or R⁵⁴R⁵⁵NSO₂;

R¹⁶ is hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₃₋₅ alkenyl, phenyl, benzyl, or C ₁₋₅ heterocyclyl; alternatively, R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ can be taken together to form an optionally substituted 4- to 7- membered heterocyclic ring, which ring may be saturated, unsaturated or aromatic;

each of R¹⁷ and R⁵³ is C₁₋₅ alkyl, phenyl, or C₁₋₅ heterocyclyl;

each of R^{54} and R^{55} is independently hydrogen, C_{1-5} alkyl, C_{2-5} alkenyl, phenyl, benzyl, or C $_{1-5}$ heterocyclyl;

alternatively, R⁵⁴ and R⁵⁵ can be taken together to form an optionally substituted 4- to 7- membered heterocyclic ring, which ring may be saturated, unsaturated or aromatic;

W represents SO₂, C=O, CHR²⁰, or a covalent bond; or W and R¹, taken together with the 6-membered ring to which they are both attached, form one of the following two formulae:

$$\begin{array}{c} X_b \\ X_a \end{array}$$
 (I)(a)
$$(I)(b)$$

wherein X_a is O, S, or N; and X_b is O, S or SO_2 ;

R²⁰ is hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, phenyl, benzyl, naphthyl, or C ₁₋₅ heterocyclyl;

- R⁴² is hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₃₋₅ alkenyl, phenyl, naphthyl, C ₁₋₅ heterocyclyl, C ₂₋₈ acyl, aroyl, R⁴⁵OC=O, R⁴⁶R⁴⁷NC=O, R⁴⁵SO, R⁴⁵SO₂, or R⁴⁶R⁴⁷NSO₂;
- R⁴³ is hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₃₋₅ alkenyl, phenyl, or C₁₋₅ heterocyclyl; alternatively, R⁴² and R⁴³can be taken together to form an optionally substituted 4- to 7- membered heterocyclic ring, which ring may be saturated, unsaturated or aromatic;
- R⁴⁴ is C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₂₋₅ alkenyl, phenyl, naphthyl, or C ₁₋₅ heterocyclyl;
- R⁴⁸ is hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₃₋₅ alkenyl, phenyl, naphthyl, C ₁₋₅ heterocyclyl, C ₂₋₈ acyl, aroyl, R⁵⁰OC=O, R⁵¹R⁵²NC=O, R⁵⁰SO, R⁵⁰SO₂, or R⁵¹R⁵²NSO₂;
- R⁴⁹ is hydrogen, C₁₋₅ alkyl, C₃₋₅ alkenyl, phenyl, or C₁₋₅ heterocyclyl; alternatively, R⁴⁸ and R⁴⁹ can be taken together to form an optionally substituted 4- to 7- membered heterocyclic ring, which ring may be saturated, unsaturated or aromatic; and
- wherein each of the above hydrocarbyl or heterocarbyl groups, unless otherwise indicated, and in addition to any specified substituents, is optionally and independently substituted with between 1 and 3 substituents selected from methyl, halomethyl, hydroxymethyl, halo, hydroxy, amino, nitro, cyano, C ₁₋₅ alkyl, C ₁₋₅ alkoxy, -COOH, C ₂₋₆ acyl, [di(C ₁₋₄ alkyl)amino]C ₂₋₅ alkylene, [di(C ₁₋₄ alkyl)amino] C ₂₋₅ alkyl-NH-CO-, and C ₁₋₅ haloalkoxy;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or amide thereof.

2. (Previously presented) A method of claim 1, wherein each of R^3 and R^4 is hydrogen; Ar represents a six membered ring, optionally substituted with between 1 and 2 substituents selected from halogen, C_{1-5} alkyl, cyano, nitro, $R^{15}R^{16}N$, CF_3 and OCF_3 ; R^{12} is hydrogen, $R^{23}SO_1$ or $R^{23}SO_2$; R^{13} is hydrogen, $R^{44}SO_2$; R^{14} is hydrogen, halogen, C_{1-5} alkoxy, C_{1-5} alkyl, cyano, nitro, or $R^{24}R^{25}N$; and G is C_3 alkanediyl, optionally substituted with hydroxy, (L)- C_{1-5} alkyloxy-, or (L)- C_{1-5} alkylamino.

- 3. (Previously presented) A method of claim 2, wherein Ar is phenyl.
- 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Canceled)
- 6. (Previously presented) A method of claim 1, wherein said compound is:
- 1-[3-(3,4-Dichloro-phenyl)-pyrazol-1-yl]-3-(4-o-tolyl-piperazin-1-yl)-propan-2-ol.
 - 7. (Canceled)

- 8. (Previously presented) A method of claim 1, wherein said pharmaceutical composition is formulated in a dosage amount appropriate for the treatment of an allergic condition.
- 9. (Previously presented) A method of claim 1, wherein said condition is asthma.
- 10. (Previously presented) A method of claim 2, wherein said condition is asthma.
- 11. (Previously presented) A method of claim 3, wherein said condition is asthma.
- 12. (Currently amended) A method of claim [[7]]6, wherein said condition is asthma.